

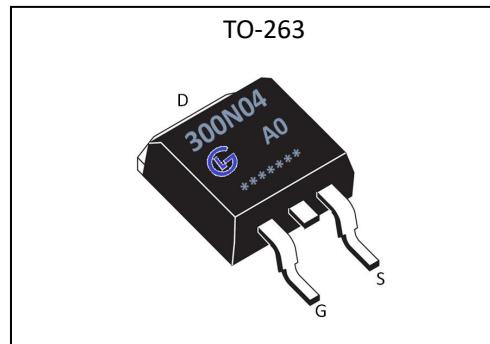
General Description:

The GL300N04A0 uses advanced trench technology and design to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ with low gate charge. It can be used in a wide variety of applications. The package form is TO-263, which accords with the RoHS standard.

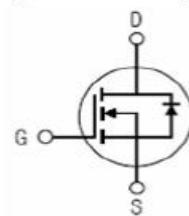
V_{DSS}	40	V
I_D	300	A
P_D	250	W
$R_{DS(ON)}\text{type}$	1.2	$\text{m}\Omega$

Features:

- $R_{DS(ON)} < 1.6\text{m}\Omega$ @ $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$ (Typ1.2mΩ)
- High density cell design for ultra low $R_{ds(on)}$
- Fully characterized avalanche voltage and current
- Excellent package for good heat dissipation


Applications:

- Power switching application
- Hard switched and high frequency circuits
- Uninterruptible power supply

Inner Equivalent Principium Chart

Absolute (T_c= 25°C unless otherwise specified):

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	40	V
I_D	Continuous Drain Current	300	A
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current	1200	A
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
P_D	Power Dissipation	250	W
E_{AS}	Single pulse avalanche energy ^{a5}	238	mJ
T_J, T_{stg}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	150, -55 to 150	°C



GL300N04A0

GL Silicon N-Channel Power MOSFET

Electrical Characteristics ($T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified):

OFF Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{DSS}	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	40	--	--	V
I_{DSS}	Drain to Source Leakage Current	$V_{DS}=40V, V_{GS}=0V, T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	1.0	μA
$I_{GSS(F)}$	Gate to Source Forward Leakage	$V_{GS}=+20V$	--	--	0.1	μA
$I_{GSS(R)}$	Gate to Source Reverse Leakage	$V_{GS}=-20V$	--	--	-0.1	μA

ON Characteristics ^{a3}						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10V, I_D=100A$	--	1.2	1.6	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{GS(\text{TH})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.0	--	2.5	V

Pulse width $t_p \leq 380\mu\text{s}, \delta \leq 2\%$

Dynamic Characteristics ^{a4}						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5V, I_D=80A$	--	160	--	S
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=20V$	--	6020	--	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	$f=1.0\text{MHz}$	--	2230	--	
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		--	170	--	

Resistive Switching Characteristics ^{a4}						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$t_{d(\text{ON})}$	Turn-on Delay Time	$V_{DD}=20V, I_D=80A$	--	25	--	ns
t_r	Rise Time		--	80	--	
$t_{d(\text{OFF})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		--	60	--	
t_f	Fall Time		--	20	--	
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DD}=20V, I_D=80A$	--	50	--	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate to Source Charge		--	18	--	
Q_{gd}	Gate to Drain ("Miller")Charge		--	21	--	

Source-Drain Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Rating			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _S	Continuous Source Current ^{a2} (Body Diode)		--	--	300	A
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ^{a3}	I _S =100A, V _{GS} =0V	--	--	1.2	V

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Units
R _{θJC}	Junction-to-Case ^{a2}	0.42	°C/W

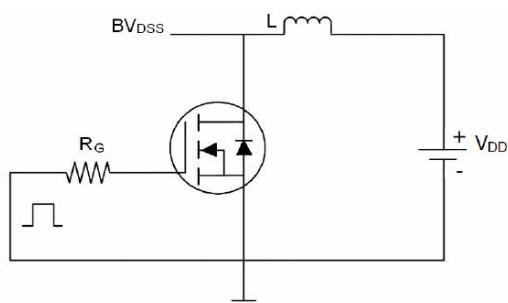
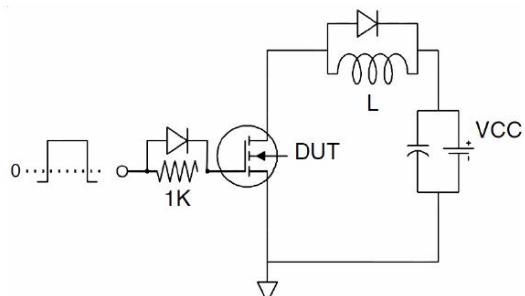
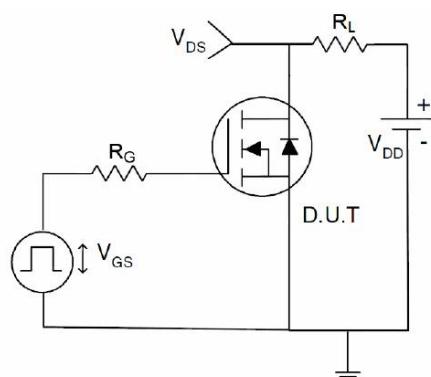
^{a1}: Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

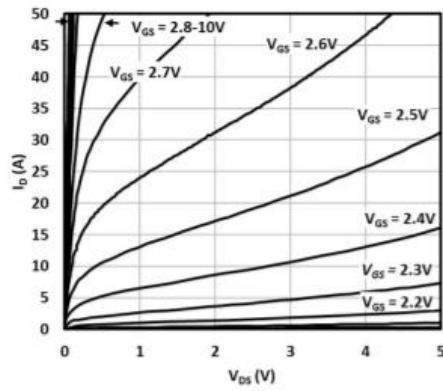
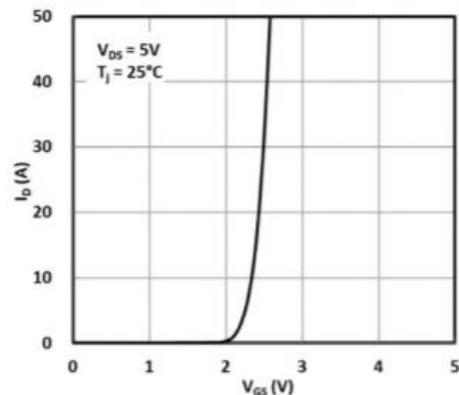
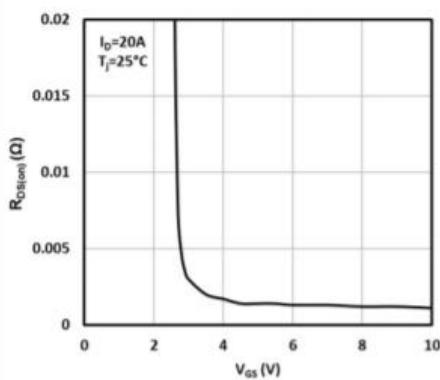
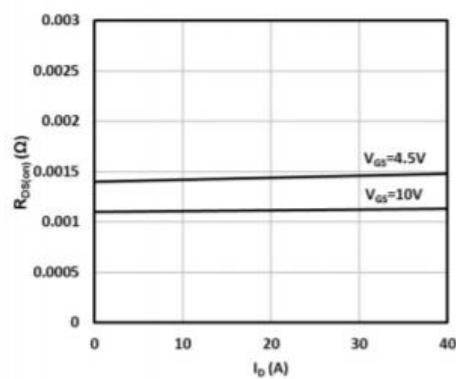
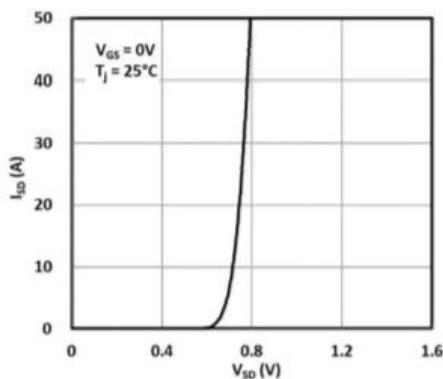
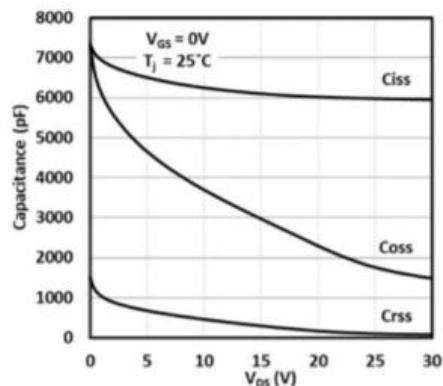
^{a2}: Surface Mounted on FR4 Board, t≤10sec.

^{a3}: Pulse Test: Pulse Width≤300μs, Duty Cycle≤2%.

^{a4}: Guaranteed by design, not subject to production

^{a5}: EAS condition: T_j=25°C, V_{DD}=20V, V_G=10V, L=0.5mH, R_g=25Ω

Test circuit
1) EAS test Circuit

2) Gate charge test Circuit

3) Switch Time Test Circuit


Characteristics Curve:

Fig. 1 Output characteristics

Fig. 2 Transfer characteristics

Fig.3 On-resistance vs. gate voltage

Fig.4 On-resistance vs. drain current

Fig.5 Source-to-drain diode forward characteristics

Fig.6 Capacitance vs. drain-to-source voltage

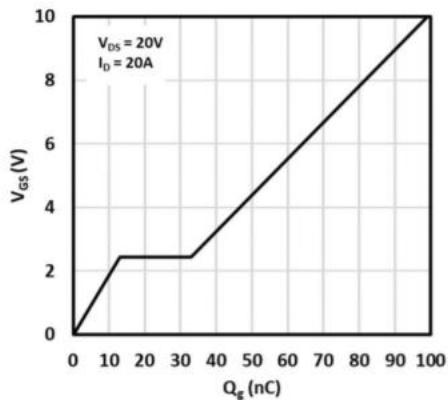


Fig.7 Gate-to-source voltage vs. gate charge

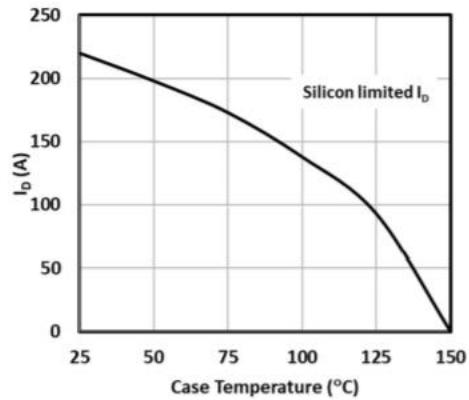


Fig.8 Maximum drain current vs. case temperature

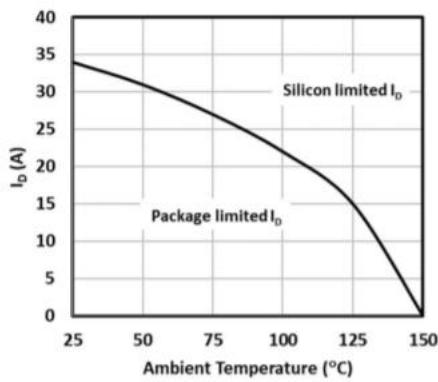


Fig. 9 Maximum drain current vs. ambient temperature